

LEARNER OBJECTIVES

WEBINAR – Reading Comprehension in ASD: The Intersection of Language, Social Competence, and Reading Part 1 of 2

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As a result of this activity, participants will be able to identify the following:

- The Literacy Lens of the presenters
- Social communication, reading, and writing
- What is reading comprehension?
- Reading profiles in ASD
- Big ideas in reading comprehension

Reading Comprehension in ASD: The Intersection of Language, Social Competence, and Reading

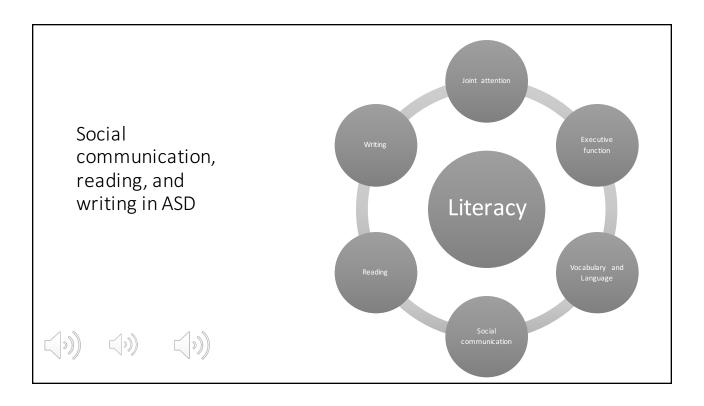
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Overview

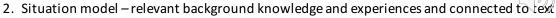
- The two part webinar series
- Our literacy lens
- Today
 - · Social communication, reading, and writing
 - What is reading comprehension?
 - Reading profiles in ASD
 - Big ideas in reading comprehension





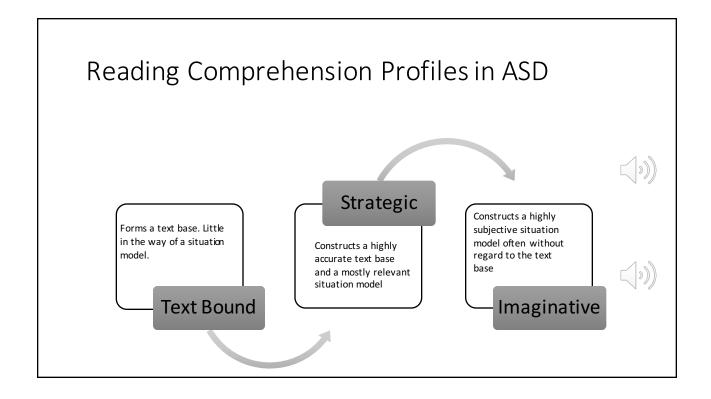
What is reading comprehension?

- A combination of reading the words, knowing the meaning, and activating lots of <u>relevant</u> background knowledge to understand the text.
- Two levels of processing necessary
 - 1. Text base what's included in the text by the author



- Involves deep level vocabulary knowledge
- Relevant prior experiences
- Social competence
- The ability to direct your attention to important details and monitor understanding
- ... which all support extensive Inferencing skills





Big Ideas in Reading Comprehension Instruction

- 1. The 27 evidence based practices (EBPs) are the foundation (http://autismpdc.fpg.unc.edu/)
- 2. Identify research based practices to support reading comprehension for individuals with ASD
 - · Cognitive strategy instruction
 - Graphic organizers as thinking tools
 - Teach students systematically about different text structures and story grammar
- 3. Begin with special interests and activate relevant background knowledge
- 4. Most importantly
 - Reading comprehension requires well developed vocabulary knowledge, social communication competence, and executive control. To build comprehension, we must address these in an integrated way.
 - Vocabulary, reading, and writing are all essential balance these throughout your instruction
 - Read, read, and read some more. Write about what you read, and read about what you write.







Bringing it All Together

- A few more basic principles
 - Read everyday both teacher selected and student selected materials
 - Read to self, read to others, and listen to others read
 - Consider quality read aloud procedures to develop language and question answering (dialogic reading, RECALL, etc)
 - Study words in context everyday
 - Read about what you write, and write about what you read (yes, we said it again!)
- Bringing it all together and preparing for session two



Bringing it All Together